# St. John's Bayou Bridge

#### NEWM01

### GENERAL DATA

structure no.: 101R02.8

New Madrid county:

3.9 miles northeast of New Madrid

feature inters.: St. John's Bayou cadastral grid: S29, T23N, R15W

highway route: county road

highway distr.: 10

city/town:

current owner: New Madrid County

#### STRUCTURAL DATA

superstructure: steel, 8-panel, pin-connected Camelback through truss

substructure: concrete and (recent) steel tube abutments

span number: 1

condition:

good

140.0 span length: total length: 144.0'

alterations:

one abutment replaced, 1980 floor/decking: timber deck over steel stringers

roadway width: 14.0'

other features: upper chord and inclined end post: 2 channels with cover plate and lacing; lower chord: 2 channels with lacing; vertical: 2 channels with lacing (2 angles with lacing at the hip); diagonal: 2 punched rectangular eyebars;

counter: round eyerod with turnbuckle; lateral bracing: round rod with threaded ends; strut: 4 angles with lacing and 2-angle knee braces; portal strut: A-frame; floor beam: Ibeam, field-bolted to vertical; guardrail: 2

angles

## HISTORICAL DATA

erection date: 1917 erection cost: unknown

designer:

Vincennes Bridge Company, Vincennes IN Vincennes Bridge Company, Vincennes IN;

Cambria Steel Company, Pittsburgh PA

contractor:

fabricator:

Vincennes Bridge Company, Vincennes IN

references:

Missouri Highway and Transportation Department, Structure Inventory and Appraisal: Structure Number 101R02.8; New Madrid County Court Record 12: page 435 (3 October 1916), page 571, located at New Madrid County Courthouse, New Madrid, Missouri; J.A.L. Waddell, Bridge Engineering (London: John Wiley and Sons, 1916), pages 477-78; field

inspection by Richard Collier, 2 April 1992.

sign. rating:

54

evaluation:

NRHP possibly eligible (well-preserved example of uncommon structural

type)

inventoried by: Clayton B. Fraser 4 August 1992



NAME(S) OF STRUCTURE

St. John's Bayou Bridge

MHTD: 101R02.8

LOCATION

county road over St. John's Bayou; S29, T23N, R15W

3.9 miles northeast of New Madrid; New Madrid County, Missouri

DATE(S) OF CONSTRUCTION NEWM01

1917

**USE (ORIGINAL / CURRENT)** 

roadway bridge / roadway bridge

RATING NRHP possibly eligible (score: 54)

<b>CONDITION</b> good	OWNER New Madrid County	
span number: 1 span length: 140.0' total length: 144.0' roadway wdt.: 14.0'	superstructure: substructure: floor/decking: other features:	steel, 8-panel, pin-connected Camelback through truss concrete and (recent) steel tube abutments timber deck over steel stringers upper chord and inclined end post: 2 channels with cover plate and lacing; lower chord: 2 channels with lacing; vertical: 2 channels with lacing (2 angles with lacing at the hip); diagonal: 2 punched rectangular eyebars; counter: round eyerod with turnbuckle; lateral bracing: round rod with threaded ends; strut: 4 angles with lacing and 2-angle knee braces; portal strut: A-frame; floor beam: I-beam, field-bolted to vertical; guardrail: 2 angles

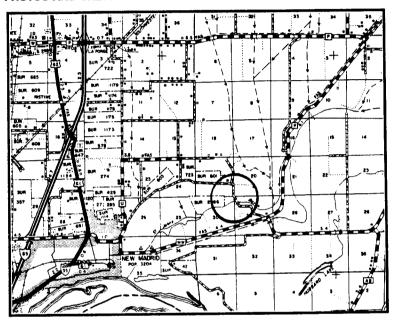
In August 1916 the New Madrid County Court received a petition from W.D. Knott et al. for the platting of a new road in New Madrid Township. The road was established that October. County records are somewhat sketchy - several bridges were being built at the time over St. John's Bayou, a tributary of the Mississippi River - but it appears that in 1917 this bridge was constructed to carry the new road over the bayou some four miles northeast of New Madrid. Consisting of a single, pinned through truss, the long-span structure was fabricated and erected by the Vincennes Bridge Company of Vincennes IN, which was essentially New Madrid County's sole bridge contractor in the 1910s. The St. John's Bayou Bridge carried traffic without serious alteration for decades and is today the county's oldest vehicular bridge. Its original concrete abutment on the south was replaced by steel tubes after the bridge fell into the bayou in 1980, but the superstructure itself remains unaltered.

Straight-chorded Pratt through trusses were used extensively throughout Missouri for medium-span crossings in the late 19th and 20th centuries. For longer crossings after about the turn of the century, however, bridge companies could develop greater efficiency with polygonal-chorded Pratt variants - primarily Parker, Pennsylvania and Camelback trusses. With its distinctive five-faceted upper chords, the Camelback configuration was disdained by some engineers (including the redoubtable J.A.L. Waddell, who called it "uncompromisingly ugly") for its tendency under certain conditions to reverse compressive and tensile forces acting on their individual members. As a result, Camelback trusses never received widespread acceptance. Relatively few were ever built on Missouri's roads, and less than ten have been identified as extant by the bridge inventory. The St. John's Bayou Bridge is thus technologically significant as a well-preserved example of this uncommon structural type.

# NAME(S) OF STRUCTURE

St. John's Bayou Bridge

#### PHOTOS AND SKETCH MAP OF LOCATION





# LOCATION MAP

TAKEN FROM MISSOURI HIGHWAY AND TRANSPORTATION DEPARTMENT GENERAL HIGHWAY MAP

### SOURCES

Missouri Highway and Transportation Department, Structure Inventory and Appraisal: Structure Number 101R02.8; New Madrid County Court Record 12: page 435 (3 October 1916), page 571, located at New Madrid County Courthouse, New Madrid, Missouri; J.A.L. Waddell, Bridge Engineering (London: John Wiley and Sons, 1916), pages 477-78; field inspection by Carl McWilliams and Richard Collier, 2 April 1992.

**INVENTORIED BY** Carl McWilliams

**AFFILIATION** Fraserdesign, Loveland CO

DATE 4 May 1992